# CCA-101: Fundamentals of IT & Programming Assignment -1

Q1: What are the four fundamental parts of computer? Explain it with the help of diagram.

*Answer*: The four fundamental parts of computer are Input Devices, Central Processing Unit (CPU), Output device and Memory unit.



Q2: Discuss about the classification of computers based on size and capacity.

Answer: Based on size and capacity, computers are classified as follows:

- i. Super Computers
- ii. Mainframe Computer,
- iii. Mini Computers
- iv. Micro Computers

Q3: What is the meaning of computer generation? How many Computer Generations are defined? What technologies were/are used?

*Answer*: Generation in computer terminology is a change in technology a computer is/was being used. Initially, the generation term was used to distinguish between varying hardware technologies.

There are about five Generations and these are First Generation, Second Generation, Third Generation, Fourth Generation and Fifth Generation

First Generation used Vacuum Tubes, Second Generation used Transistors, Third Generation used, Integrated Circuit, Fourth Generation used VLSI Microprocessor and Fifth Generation used ULSI microprocessor or Artificial Intelligence.

Q4: Differentiate between Volatile & Non-Volatile memories.

Answer: The difference between Volatile & Non-Volatile memories are as follows.

Volatile Memory	Non-Volatile Memory
Volatile memory is the type of memory in	Non-volatile memory is the type of memory
which data is lost as it is powered-off.	in which data remains stored even if it is
Contants of Valatila mamory are stored	Contents of Non-volatile memory are stored
Contents of volatile memory are stored	Contents of Non-volatile memory are stored
temporarily.	permanently.

It is faster than non-volatile memory.	It is slower than volatile memory.
RAMis an example of volatile memory.	ROM is an example of non-volatile memory.

Q5: Distinguish among system software, application software and open source software on the basis of their features.

Answer: The differences between the three types of software are as follows

System software	Application software	Open source software
System Software is the type	Application Software is the	OSS is software that is
of software which is the	type of software which runs	distributed with its source
interface between application	as per user request. It runs on	code, making it available for
software and system.	the platform which is	use, modification, and
	providing by system	distribution with its original
	software.	rights.
System software is used for	Application software is used	Open source code is usually
operating computer	by user to perform specific	stored in a public repository
hardware.	task.	and shared publicly.
Examples of system	Examples of application	GNU/Linux, Mozilla Firefox
software's are compiler,	software's are word	VLC media player,
assembler, debugger, driver,	processor, web browser,	SugarCRM, GIMP
etc.	media player, etc.	VNC, Apache web server
		LibreOffice, jQuery

Q6. a) Create a file in MS-word to insert a paragraph about yourself and save it with file name "yourself". Describe all steps involved in it.

Answer: The steps for crating a file in MS-word, inserted a paragraph about myself and save it with file name "yourself" are as follows"

- i. Go to Microsoft Office and select the MS Word
- ii. When MS Word opened, the cursor will automatically appeared in the blank page
- iii. Then typed a paragraph about myself
- iv. Finally go to save File (in the upper left corner) choose Save and locate the folder to save the save, enter the File name 'yourself' and click OK.

Q6 b) Write steps regarding followings

### To change the font style

- i. After MS Word is opened and the paragraph is types, Go the Font dialog box (in the upper left corner) or Select everything you want to change the font style and Right Click
- ii. Select the Font Style you want to e.g. Calibri, Arial, etc

### To change the font size

i. Next to the Font Style is the Font Size, Select on the drop down arrow on size and select the desired Size e.g. size, Size

#### To change the font color

i. Go the Font dialog box (in the upper left corner), and select the A Symbol and choose the desired colour. E.g. Dog, Cat

#### To highlight (in yellow) the line that reads "need to get IMS's address".

i. To the Left of Color Symbol is the highlight tool written with small 'ab', Select the text and highlight in yellow. E.g. "need to get IMS's address".

Q7. Create a file in MS-Word for the following document and save it with file name 'ms\_word'. Describe all steps involved in it.

Answer: Open MS Word and types the texts as given.

MS Word is widely used word processor developed by Microsoft

*Steps*: Select the 'MS Word' text and on the Font dialog box select Red Font colour, Next Select 'word processor' and choose the <u>U</u>Symbol for underlining.

Follow the same steps in the following for font colour, and for the Bullets go to Paragraph dialog box and the Bullets tool

*MS Word* an application software capable for (choose the *I* symbol for Italic)

- Creating
- Editing
- Saving, and (Select the abc tool)
- Printing any type of documents (Select the **B** tool for Bold)



Q8. Create a file in MS-word for the following document and save it with file name 'equations'. Describe all steps involved in it.

Steps: After creating the MS Word with the name equations, the following steps are used for all the equations

Go to Insert – Equation – Insert New Equation – Select the Script tool (image shown below) to choose the desired equation – Use the symbols for inserting + or =

$$X_2 + Y_5 = 30$$
  
 $X^3 + Q^4 = 50$   
 $A_2 + B^8 = X_2 + Y^8$ 

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Q9. Create a file in MS-word that convert existing highlight text to table as shown below and save it as file name 'text\_to\_table'. Describe all steps involved in it.

Select the text you want to convert	Select the insert tab
Click on command, a dialog box appear	Click on convert text to table, new dialog box
Here set the number of columns	Click OK, Select text convert on the table

*Steps*: After the MS-word named 'text\_to\_table' the given text are converted to a table format by Selecting all the text – Go to Insert – choose the Convert to Text option – Dialog box appear and select the necessary requirements and click OK.

Q10. Create a file in MS-Word to insert a table in the document. Describe all steps involved in it.

Answer: Refer to Q9

Q11. Create a following worksheet in MS-excel and save it with name 'book1'.



Q12. Calculate the following things of a range (C2:C11) of data in the worksheet created in question no 10.

- i. the sum of the marks using AutoSum in a range of cells (C2:C11) Answer: 654
- ii. average of the marks in a range of cells (C2:C11) Answer: 65.4
- iii. highest marks in a range of cells (C2:C11) Answer: 90
- iv. minimum marks in a range of cells (C2:C11) Answer: 40
- Q13 a) Describe various steps involved in the following
  - i. To modify column width of a worksheet

*Steps*: Position the cursor over the column line in the column heading, and a double arrow will appear. Left-click the mouse, then drag the cursor to the right to increase the column width or to the left to decrease the column width. Release the mouse button.

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1	Roll no	Names	Marks	8				
2	1	N1	60					
3	2	N2	70					
4	3	N3	80					
5	4	N4	90					
6	5	N5	40					
7	6	N6	50					
8	7	N7	77					
9	8	N8	44					
10	9	N9	88					
11	10	N10	55					
12			40					
13								
2								

ii. To modify the row height of a worksheet

*Steps*: Position the cursor over the row line you want to modify, and a double arrow will appear. Left-click the mouse, then drag the cursor upward to decrease the row height or downward to increase the row height. Release the mouse button.

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	A	В	С			D
1	Roll no	Names	Marks			
2	1	N1	60			
3	2	N2	70			
4	3	N3	80			
5	4	N4	90			
6	5	N5	40			
7	6	N6	50			
8	7	N7	77			
9	8	N8	44			
10	9	N9	88			
11	10	N10	55			

#### iii. To delete rows and columns of a worksheet

*Steps*: Select the row or column you want to delete. Click the Delete command in the Cells group on the Home tab. Selected column or row deleted



Q13 b) Describe following terms in the worksheet

- i. Absolute reference and relative reference in formula
  Relative reference Cell references in formula automatically adjust to new locations when the formula is pasted into different cells.
  Absolute references, on the other hand, remain constant no matter where they are copied. Cell references in a formula always refer to the same cell or cell range
- ii. **Cell address** A cell reference or cell address is a combination of a column letter and a row number that identifies a cell on a worksheet.

Q14. a) What tools are available to customize our PowerPoint presentation?

*Answer*: Templates and Themes, Slide Layouts, Fonts, Color Themes, Icons, Shapes, Stock Photos, Charts and Graphs, Maps, Tables, Flowcharts, Icon Charts, Radials, Progress Bars, Animation, Transitions, Interactivity and Audio and Video

Q14 b) Write the steps for the following action for creation of power point presentation

- i. Open a Blank presentation Open a new MS Powerpoint file, a blank page will appear or if its already exist then Go to INSERT and select Blank page
- ii. Save the presentation as Lab1.pptx Go to File and select Save As Choose the location to save and name the file as 'Lab2' Click OK.
- iii. Add a Title to the first slide: the name of your college On the first slide Add title and add the college name just below the title
- iv. Type your first name and last name in the Subtitle section Names and title are typed as shown in the imaged below
- v. Add a New Slide which has a Title and Content—a new slide and content is added and shown below



Q15. Write steps for creation of a set of PowerPoint slides that demonstrates your skill to use the tools of PowerPoint. It should include the following things

i. Title slide & bullet list

Open MS PowerPoint --- The blank page containing 'title and content' appears --enter the title desired --- For bullets go to Home option, on the Paragraph section, select the Bullet symbols for different designs required.

ii. Inserting Excel Sheet

After opening MS PowerPoint, For Inserting Excel Sheet --- Go to Insert option (next to Home button) --- Click on the Table, a drop down box appear --- Select Excel Spreadsheet which is in the last option --- Excel Spreadsheet appears

### iii. Clip art and Text

Click in the slide where you want to insert a clip art file --- On the Insert tab, in the Images group, click Online Pictures --- In the Insert Pictures dialog box enter your search terms and click OK --- Locate the clip art you want to insert in your slide and double-click on it or click the item and select Insert.

For inserting text, Go to the Insert option --- Select the Text Box --- Drag the cursor anywhere you would like to write --- Write down inside the Text Box

iv. Slide show effects

For slide show and effects Go to the Slide Show Option --- Select any option you required for slide show, either from the current slide or from the beginning ---Different animations can also be selected by creating animations for each slide in the Anmations tool box --- Timing of slide show can also be controlled --- Transition effects from one slide to another can also be created.

## PART II

Q16. What is the difference between Machine Language and High Level Language?

High Level Language	Machine Language
It can be considered as a programmer-	It is considered as a machine-friendly
friendly language. It can be ported from one	language. It is not portable.
location to another.	
It requires a compiler/interpreter to be	It requires an assembler that would translate
translated into machine code.	instructions.
It is easy to understand and easy to debug.	It is difficult to understand and difficult to
	debug
It is less memory efficient, i.e., it consumes	It consumes less memory.
more memory in comparison to machine	
languages.	

Q17. Discuss about different data types of C programming Language.

Answer: The different data types of C programming Language are as follows

Serial no	Data Types
1	Basic Types: They are arithmetic types and are further classified into <i>integer</i>
	types and <i>floating-point</i> types. Integer type examples are int, unsigned int, char,
	signed char, unsigned char, short, unsigned short, etc. Floating-point types are
	float, double, long double
2	Enumerated types: They are again arithmetic types and they are used to define
	variables that can only assign certain discrete integer values throughout the
	program.
3	The void type: The type specifier void indicates that no value is available.
	Examples are Function returns as void (void exit (int status);), Function
	arguments as void (int rand(void);), Pointers to void (void *malloc( size_t size );)
4	<b>Derived types:</b> They include (a) Pointer types, (b) Array types, (c) Structure
	types, (d) Union types and (e) Function types.

Q18. Find the output of the following expressions

a)	X=20/5*2+30-5	X= <b>33</b>
b)	Y=30-(40/10+6)+10	Y= <b>30</b>
c)	Z=40*2/10-2+10	Z=16

Q19. Describe the syntax of the following statements

a) If - else syntax

```
if(condition)
{
   //execute your code
}
```

```
else
{
    //execute your code
}
```

```
b) for loop syntax
```

```
for (initialization; condition test; increment or decrement)
{
   statement(s);
}
```

c) while loop syntax

```
While (condition)
{
   statement(s);
   Incrementation or Decrementation;
}
```

d) do-while loop

```
do
{
   //Statements
}while(condition test);
```

- Q20. Find the output of the following program segments
  - a) IMS Ghaziabad



#### b) IMS Ghaziabad



c) Largest number is 100

