Assignment-1

Q1-ANS

A computer has four main components.

- Input Units
- The central processing unit or CPU
- The primary memory
- And output units.

Q2-ANS

There are four types in the classifications of computer by size are

- Super computer
- Mainframe computer
- Minicomputer
- Microcomputer.

Q3-ANS

Generations of computer	Period	Component/Technology
First	1940-1956	Vacuum tubs
second	1956-1963	Transistors
Third	1964-1971	Integrated Circuits (IC)
Fourth	1971-present	Microprocessors
Fifth	Present and beyond	Artificial Intelligence

Q4-ANS

Volatile memory is the type of memory in which data is lost as it is poweredoff. Non volatile memory is the type of memory in which data remains stored even if it is powered-off.

Q5-ANS

System software

• System software is a type of computer that is designed to run a computer's hardware and application programs.

Application software

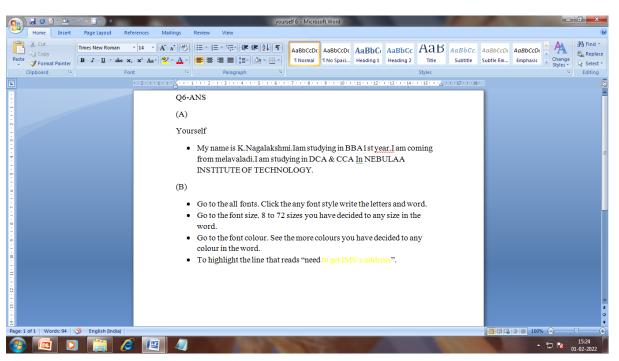
• In information technology, an application (app), application program or application software is a computer program designed to help people perform an activity.

Open source software (OSS)

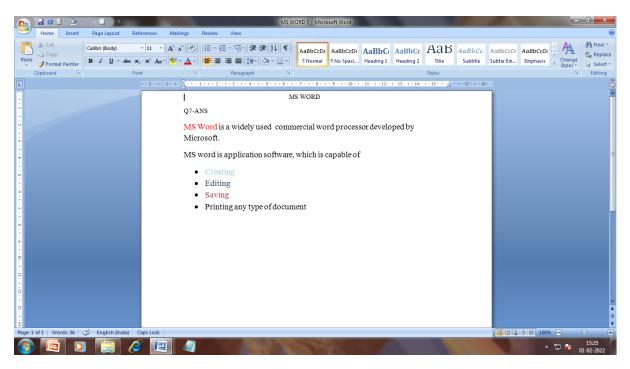
• Open source software (OSS) is **computer soft ware** that is released under a **licence** in which the **copyright** holder grants users the rights to use, study, change, and **distribute the software** and its source code to anyone and for any purpose.

Q6-ANS

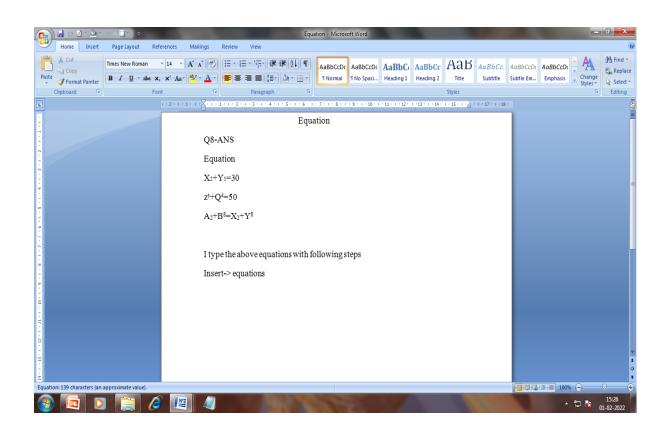
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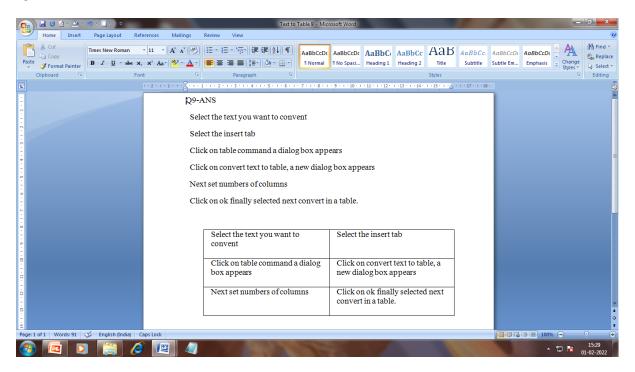


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Q8





Q10

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Q13-ANS(A)

COLUMN WIDTH OF A WORKSHEET

- Select a column or a range of columns.
- On the Home tab, in the cells group, select format > column width.
- Type the column width and select.

ROW HIGHT OF A WORKSHEET

- Select the row or rows that you want to change.
- On the Home tab, in the cells group, click formate.
- Under cell size, click row height.
- In the row height box, type the value that you want, and then click OK.

DELETE ROW AND COLUMN OF WORK SHEET

- Select a cell in the row to be deleted.
- Choose edit delete from the menu bar.
- Click entire row in the delete dialog box.
- Click ok.

Q13-ANS(B)

ABSOLUTE REFERENCE AND RELATIVE REFERANCE

- Relative and absolute references behave differently when copied and filled to other cells.
- Relative references change when a formula is copied to another cells.
- Absolute references, on the other hand, remain constant no matter where they are copied.

CELL ADDRESS

- A cell reference, or cell address, is an alphanumeric value used to identify a specific cell in a spreadsheet.
- each cell address contains "one or more letters" followed by the number.
- the letter or letters identify the column and the number represents the row

14 (A)

Q13-ANS(A)

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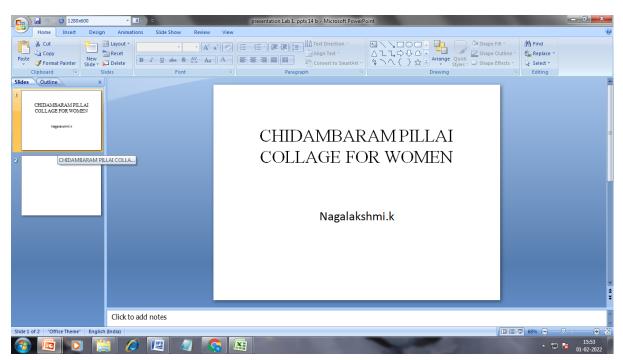
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14(A) Q14-ANS (A)

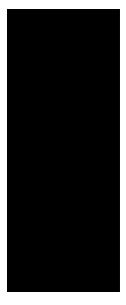
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14(B)



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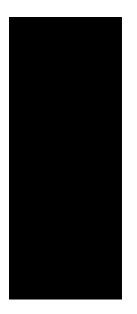


BULLET LIST

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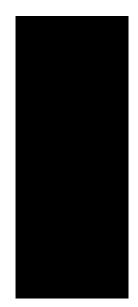


B) EXCEL SHEET



EXCEL SHEET

1	A		В	С		D	E		F
1	Product	Pric	e	Number	Q1 T	otal Sales		Sm A	ppliances
2	Coffee maker	\$	25	50	\$	1,250		\$	5,210
3	Waffle Iron	\$	25	39	\$	975			
4	Frying Pan	\$	12	78	\$	936			
5	Plate Set	\$	30	60	\$	1,800		Non	Appliance
6	Knife Set	\$	55	45	\$	2,475		\$	13,906
7	Cookie Sheet	\$	10	100	\$	1,000			
8	Cake Pan	\$	10	88	\$	880			
9	Hand Mixer	\$	25	33	\$	825			
10	Tea Kettle	\$	20	22	\$	440			
11	Glass Pitcher	\$	15	63	\$	945			
12	Juicer	\$	32	15	\$	480			
13	Toaster	\$	35	48	\$	1,680			
14	Microwave	\$	100	39	\$	3,900			
15	Skillet	\$	30	51	\$	1,530			
16					\$	19,116			



C)CLIP ART

CLIP ART AND TEXT





D) SLID SHOW EFFECT



16

machine It is also known as machine level language. It can be understood easily by the...

Low level language.

High-level language	Low-level language
It is easy to debug.	It is difficult to debug.
It is less memory efficient, i.e., it	It consumes less memory.
consumes more memory in	
comparison to low- level languages.	

Q17

Different data type of C programming language

Data type	Range	Memory / storage size
Short int (signed short	-32,768 to 32,767	2 bytes
int)		
Unsigned short int	0 to 65 535	2 bytes
Long signed short int	-2,147,483,648 to 2,	4 bytes
	147,483,647	
Unsigned long	0 to 4,294,967,295	4 bytes

A) X=20/5*2+30-5
X=33
B) Y=30 - (40/10+6)=10
Y=30
C) Z=40*2/10-2+10
Z=16

Q19

(A) If – else statement

If (expression) {

 $\ensuremath{\textit{//}}\xspace$ code to be executed if condition is true

} else {

// code to be executed if condition is false

}

```
(B) For loop
```

For (init; condition; increment) {

Statement (s);

}

(C) While loop

While (condition)

{

Statement (s);

Incrementation;

}

(D) Do- while loop

Do

{

Statement (s);

} while (condition);

Q20-ANS

(A) Ans

IMS Ghaziabad

IMS Ghaziabad

(B) Ans

IMS Ghaziabad

IMS Ghaziabad

(C) Ans

Largest number is 100 b.