

CCA - 103:

COMMUNICATION AND

SOFT SKILL

ASSIGNMENT

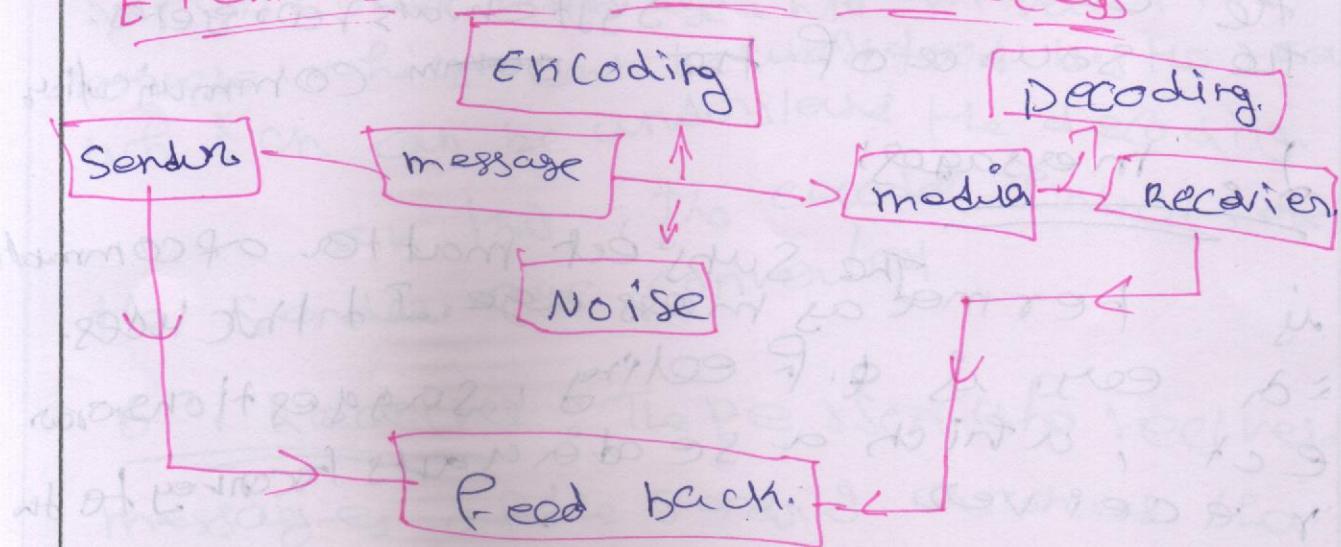
Q) Elaborate the process and elements of communication in detail through suitable examples.

* The process of exchange of ideas, views, facts, feelings, etc. between two or more persons in order to reach a common understanding is known as communication.

* Communication is the sum of all thinks a person does when he wants to create an understanding in the mind of another. It involves a systematic and continuous process of telling, listening and understanding.

Communication is a process by which people create and share information with one another in order to reach common understanding.

Elements of communication process



* In the process of communication, at least two persons are required, sender and receiver. The process of communication begins when a sender wishes to convey some idea, facts, information or opinion to the receiver. The idea is conceived by the sender and is put in such language that can be conveyed. He decides the channel of communication and conveys the idea. This idea is received by the receiver and after proper understanding, if any, action is taken according to the information or direction received from the source.

The process of communication involves the following steps:

1. Sender: The person who conveys his thoughts, message or ideas to the receiver is known as the sender. He is at the starting point of the communication system and represents the source of the communication.

2. message:

The subject matter of communication is termed as message. It includes idea, e.g., is & feeling, suggestion, order, etc., which a sender wants to convey to the receiver.

(3)

3) Encoding : The process of converting message into communication symbols, which may be user specific symbols which may be understood by the receiver. It includes uses, Pictorial symbols, etc. Encoding translates the internal thought of the sender into a language which can be understandable.

4) Media : The path, channel or medium through which encoded message is transmitted to the receiver is known as media. It is the carrier of the message. It can be written from face to face through telephone, letter, inernet etc.

5) Decoding : The process of translating the ~~which~~ encoded message into an effective language, which can be understood by the receiver, which can be understood. The decoding.

In this, the encoded symbols of the Sender are converted

6) Receiver : The person who receives the messages after sending it back as the receiver.

(20) f. Feedback: In order to complete the theory of communication, feedback is essential. The process of reversal of communication which he receives expresses his reaction to him. Sender of the messages is known as feedback and receiver ensures that the receiver has received and understood the messages.

g. Noise: Any construction which pollutes the communication can be thought as such message or receiver acts as barrier to effective communication as because of this message is interpreted differently by the receiver.