# Communication & Soft Skills

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#### **CCA-103: Communication & Soft Skills**

Assignment – 3

## **1. Elaborate the Process & Elements of Communication in Detail with Suitable Examples**

#### **Process of Communication**

Communication is a dynamic process involving the exchange of ideas, information, or messages between a sender and a receiver. The key steps in the communication process are:

- 1. Sender (Source): The person who initiates the message.
- *Example:* A manager drafting an email to employees.
- 2. Encoding: Converting thoughts into words, symbols, or gestures.
- *Example:* The manager writes the email in clear, formal language.
- 3. Message: The content being communicated.
- *Example:* The email contains instructions about a new company policy.
- 4. Channel: The medium used to transmit the message.
- *Example:* The email is sent via the company's internal system.
- 5. **Receiver:** The person for whom the message is intended.
- *Example:* Employees who read the email.
- 6. **Decoding:** The receiver interprets the message.
- *Example:* Employees understand the new policy based on the email.
- 7. Feedback: The receiver's response to the sender.
- *Example:* Employees reply with questions or confirmations.
- 8. Noise: Any barrier disrupting communication.
- *Example:* Poor internet connection delaying the email.

### **Elements of Communication**

- 1. Verbal Communication: Use of spoken or written words.
- *Example:* Meetings, emails, reports.
- 2. Non-Verbal Communication: Body language, gestures, tone.
- *Example:* A smile during a presentation conveys confidence.
- 3. Visual Communication: Images, graphs, or signs.
- Example: A PowerPoint slide with charts.
- 4. Listening: Active understanding of the message.
- *Example:* Nodding while someone speaks shows attentiveness.
- 5. Context: The environment influencing communication.
- *Example:* A formal tone in a business meeting vs. casual chat among friends.

#### Conclusion

Effective communication requires clarity, appropriate channels, and feedback. Misunderstandings can arise from noise or poor encoding/decoding. By mastering these elements, individuals and organizations can ensure smooth information flow.