Google Drive and **Google Cloud** are two of Google's cloud-based services that offer data storage, management, and collaboration tools, but they serve different purposes.

Google Drive

Google Drive is a cloud storage service that allows users to store files online and access them from any device with an internet connection. It offers **15 GB of free storage** for documents, photos, videos, and other files. Users can upload and store their personal or work-related files, which are automatically synced across devices, making it easy to retrieve content anytime, anywhere.

In addition to storage, Google Drive allows users to create, edit, and collaborate on documents, spreadsheets, and presentations in real-time using **Google Docs, Sheets, and Slides**. These tools enable multiple users to work simultaneously on the same file, improving collaboration among teams or groups. Google Drive also integrates seamlessly with Gmail and Google Photos, allowing users to store email attachments and pictures with ease.

Google Cloud

Google Cloud refers to a broader suite of cloud computing services provided by Google for businesses and developers. It includes **Google Cloud Platform (GCP)**, which offers infrastructure services such as computing power, data storage, machine learning tools, and analytics. It enables organizations to build, test, and deploy applications without needing physical hardware or on-premise infrastructure.

Google Cloud is designed for scalability, allowing businesses to quickly adjust their resources based on needs. It includes services like **Google Kubernetes Engine**, **BigQuery** for data analytics, **Google Cloud Storage**, and more. These tools help enterprises manage massive amounts of data, run applications, and improve productivity.