# CCA- 103 : Communication And Soft Skill Assignment 3

# Question1. Elaborated the process & elements of communication in detail?

# Answer -

The term *communication process* refers to the exchange of information (a message) between two or more people. For communication to succeed, both parties must be able to exchange information and understand each other. If the flow of information is blocked for some reason or the parties cannot make themselves understood, then communication fails.

#### The Sender

The communication process begins with the *sender*, who is also called the *communicator* or *source*. The sender has some kind of information — a command, request, question, or idea — that he or she wants to present to others. For that message to be received, the sender must first encode the message in a form that can be understood, such as by the use of a common language or industry jargon, and then transmit it.

#### The Receiver

The person to whom a message is directed is called the *receiver* or the *interpreter*. To comprehend the information from the sender, the receiver must first be able to receive the sender's information and then decode or interpret it.

# The Message

The *message* or *content* is the information that the sender wants to relay to the receiver. Additional subtext can be conveyed through body language and tone of voice. Put all three elements together — sender, receiver, and message — and you have the communication process at its most basic.

### The Medium

Also called the *channel*, the *medium* is the means by which a message is transmitted. Text messages, for example, are transmitted through the medium of cell phones.

# **Feedback**

The communication process reaches its final point when the message has been successfully transmitted, received, and understood. The receiver, in turn, responds to the sender, indicating comprehension. *Feedback* may be direct, such as a written or verbal response, or it may take the form of an act or deed in response (indirect).

# Other Factors

The communication process isn't always so simple or smooth, of course. These elements can affect how information is transmitted, received, and interpreted:

- **Noise**: This can be any sort of interference that affects the message being sent, received, or understood. It can be as literal as static over a phone line or radio or as esoteric as misinterpreting a local custom.
- Context: This is the setting and situation in which communication takes place. Like noise, context can have an impact on the successful exchange of information. It may have a physical, social, or cultural aspect to it. In a private conversation with a trusted friend, you would share more personal information or details about your weekend or vacation, for example, than in a conversation with a work colleague or in a meeting.